1. Description
1.1 Name(s) of society, language, and language family: Hawaii, Hawaiian, and Austronesian.
1.2 ISO code (3 letter code from ethnologue.com): 639-3
1.3 Location (latitude/longitude): The capital, Honolulu, is located at 21° 18' N, 157° 51' W
1.4 Brief history: Because of the sea vessels travelling between Hawaii and the inland states, Hawaiian and English had a lot of influence on each other, as well as influence from Asia and Australia. There was also need for plantation workers, which heavily influenced diversity in the sugar plantations, leading up to the development of the language. (1)
1.5 Influence of missionaries/schools/governments/powerful neighbors: As previously stated, America, Asia, and Australia played large parts in the language of Hawaii. Schools became an important tool as well, when instruction began to be given in Hawaiian.
1.6 Ecology (natural environment): The ecology varies from place to place. The shores can be sandy or rocky. There are waterfalls and palm trees, very tropical environment. (2)
1.7 Population size, mean village size, home range size, density: the current population of Hawaii is 1,360,301, seventy percent of which live in Honolulu. The villages are as follows: Oahu; 1597 people per square mile, Island of Hawaii; 46 per square mile, Maui; 199 per square mile, Kauai; 121 per square mile, Molokai; 28 per square mile, Lanai; 22 per square mile, and Niihau; 2 per square mile. (3)

2. Economy
2.1 Main carbohydrate staple(s): Poi made from the Taro root (4)
2.2 Main protein-lipid sources: fish, squid, limpet, crab and other seafood, chicken, and birds (4)
2.3 Weapons: Bow and arrow, blowguns?: Weapons of ancient Hawaiians included spears, throwing axes, pikes, and weapons covered in shark teeth. (5) Some of these are still used today.
2.4 Food storage: NA
2.5 Sexual division of production: Men take on main roles of fishing, farming, and cooking. Women make mats, care for infants, and collect shell fish (6)
2.6 Land tenure: Land is sold either fee simple, meaning you own the land, or leasehold, which means someone else owns it. (7)
2.7 Ceramics:
2.8 Specified (prescribed or proscribed) sharing patterns:
2.9 Food taboos: It was once taboo for men and women to dine together. This was lifted in 1819. (4)
2.10 Canoes/watercraft? Canoes are necessary for everyday life in events such as fishing, spiritual rituals, and travel (8)

3. Anthropometry
3.1 Mean adult height (m and f):
3.2 Mean adult weight (m and f):

4. Life History, mating, marriage
4.1 Age at menarche (f): Significantly lower than non-Hawaiians living in Hawaii, directly related to fat. No age given. (10)
4.2 Age at first birth (m and f):
4.3 Completed family size (m and f): 3 (10)
4.4 Inter-birth-interval (f):
4.5 Age first marriage (m and f): Males at 28.9 and females at 27.6 (14)
4.6 Proportion of marriages ending in divorce: 4.2 Percent (11)
4.7 Percent marriages polygamous, percent males married polygamously:
4.8 Bride purchase (price), bride service, dowry?: NA
4.9 Inheritance patterns:
4.10 Parent-offspring interactions and conflict:
4.11 Homosexual activities, social attitudes towards homosexuals: Mahu are men that live as women. The Hawaiians believe that men possess a feminine quality. (12)
4.12 Pattern of exogamy (endogamy): Historically high rate of exogamy, leading to only about 9,000 purely Hawaiians. (15)
4.13 What is the belief of the role of males in conception; is paternity partible? Are these “other fathers” recognized?
4.14 What is the belief of the mother’s role in procreation exactly? (e.g., “receptacle in which fetus grows”)
4.15 Is conception believed to be an incremental process (i.e., semen builds up over time)?
4.16 Occurrence of sexual coercion, rape: About 365 recorded cases in 2010 (16)
4.17 Preferential category for spouse (e.g., cross cousin)
4.18 Do females enjoy sexual freedoms? Yes. (17)
4.19 Evidence of giving gifts to extramarital partners or extramarital offspring:
4.20 If mother dies, whose raises children?: Father (18)
4.21 Adult sex ratio: number of adult males divided by number of (reproductive) females:
4.22 Evidence for couvades
4.23 Different distinctions for potential fathers (e.g., lesser/younger vs. major/older)
4.24 Kin avoidance and respect?
4.24 Joking relationships?
4.25 Patterns of descent (e.g., bilateral, matrilineal) for certain rights, names or associations
4.26 Incest avoidance rules
4.27 Is there a formal marriage ceremony?
4.28 In what way(s) does one get a name, change their name, and obtain another name?
4.29 Is marriage usually (or preferred to be) within community or outside community? (m/f difference?)
4.30 Are marriages arranged? Who arranges (e.g., parents, close kin)?
4.31 Evidence for conflict of interest over who marries who:

**Warfare/homicide**

4.14 Percent adult (male) deaths due to warfare: 102 in WWI (19)
4.15 Outgroup vs ingroup cause of violent death:
4.16 Reported causes of in-group and out-group killing:
4.17 Number, diversity and relationship with neighboring societies (external relations):
4.18 Cannibalism? Cannibalism once existed, but was discontinued (20)

5. **Socio-Political organization and interaction**

5.1 Mean local residential (village) group size: 288 (3)
5.2 Mobility pattern: (seasonality):
5.3 Political system: (chiefs, clans etc, wealth or status classes):
5.4 Post marital residence:
5.5 Territoriality? (defined boundaries, active defense):
5.6 Social interaction divisions ? (age and sex):
5.7 Special friendships/joking relationships:
5.8 Village and house organization:
5.9 Specialized village structures (mens’ houses):
5.10 Sleep in hammocks or on ground or elsewhere?
5.11 Social organization, clans, moieties, lineages, etc:
5.12 Trade:
5.13 Indications of social hierarchies?

6. **Ritual/Ceremony/Religion (RCR)**

6.0 Time allocation to RCR:
6.1 Specialization (shamans and medicine):
6.2 Stimulants:
6.3 Passage rituals (birth, death, puberty, seasonal):
6.4 Other rituals:
6.5 Myths (Creation):
6.6 Cultural material (art, music, games):
6.7 Sex differences in RCR:
6.8 Missionary effect:
6.9 RCR revival:
6.10 Death and afterlife beliefs:
6.11 Taboo of naming dead people?
6.12 Is there teknonymy?
6.13 Briefly describe religion (animism, ancestor worship, deism, magic, totems etc.)

7. **Adornment**

7.1 Body paint: NA
7.2 Piercings:
7.3 Haircut:
7.4 Scarification: NA
7.5 Adornment (beads, feathers, lip plates, etc.): Loincloths, feathers, shells, skirts.
7.6 Ceremonial/Ritual adornment:
7.7 Sex differences in adornment:
7.8 Missionary effect:
7.9 Cultural revival in adornment: Loincloths are coming back into popularity

8. **Kinship systems**

8.1 Sibling classification system:
8.2 Sororate, levirate:
8.3 Other notable kinship typology, especially cross-cousin (MBD/FZD) typology (Crow/Hawaiian/Omaha etc.):

9. **Other interesting cultural features (list them):**

**Numbered references**